Cour	10	eldevil	<u> </u>	<b>*</b>		BUREA		ARD OF HEAL L STATISTICS OF DEATH
Tow	ship	······		Registration D	istrict No	<i>99</i> ·	File No	4435
or Villa or City	·· (k	olo-)	(NO	Primary Regis	ration Distric		Registered f	. [H death occurre  hospital or insti  give its RAME i
•	FULI	L NAME	(NO					
-	PERS	ONAL AND STATE		ULARS		MEDICAL C	ERTIFICATÉ C	F DEATH
sex Ver	nalı	COLOR OR RACE	MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED	- 🔪	DATE	OF DEATH.		2/, (Day), (
ĐAT	E OF BIRT	march	)	21 91		eps ,1	· 7	rarch, 19
AGE		55 yrs. 5	mos/2	1 day,	than hrs. and th	nat death occurred,		stated above, at
(a) T	UPATION rade, profe cular kind	ession, or Hoc	csewife		P	luonas	y Lieb	reulosi
bustr	iess, or est	ure of industry, ablishment in i (or employer)	Same			93A		
(City	HPLACE or town, or foreign cou	ntry) Ray &	outer	nuo	Cont	ributory_74	ation)	rs. 9 mos.
-	NAME OF FATHER	Groch	Raine	ter		ECONDARY)	ation)y	rsmos
RENTS	OF FATHI (City or tow	ACE ER n, State or foreign countr	1) Miss	un	(Signer	2/ 191.0 (	Address)	Polo M
PAR	MAIDEN F		· 6	Sand of	*Sta (1) Mean	te the Disease Causing s of Injury: and (2) when	Death, or, in dea her Accidental, Su	ths from Violent Causes, icidal, or Homicidal.
	BIRTHPL/ OF MOTH (City or tow		· Cand	lu Mo	RECENT	RESIDENTS)	or Hospitals In the	
THE	ABOVE IS	TRUE TO THE BES	T OF MY KNOWL	EDGE	Where	was disease contract at place of death?	ed	
(Info	rmant)	Ини	Inive	<u> </u>	Former usual r	or esidence	······	
	(ADDRE	88) / auto	s leity-	Mo	PLACE	OF BURIAL OR RE	MOVAL	Mar 22
	nion	122 6	R& M	MILIE.	UNDE	TOMER 1	very_	ADDRESS Pole Mo

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer. Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when heeded. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Ccrebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 20 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock." "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

