Cou	PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Tow	waship Registration Distri	ct No. 742 File No. 16978
VIII	r iagePrimary Registrati	on District No.5-922N Registered No.
or City		St.;
	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
SE:	COLOR OR RACE SINGLE MARRIED MEASURED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Month)  (Year)
DA	March 16, 1937. (Menth) (Day) (Year)	May 21, 1915, to Physics, 1915,
AGE  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)  AGE  If LESS than i day, hrs. or min.?  OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		that I last saw h alive on 25, 191.
		and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at m.
		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
		Mente Mephrins-
(b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		7.30
BIRT (Cin	THPLACE Y or town. a or foreign country) Nivieta Carollica.	(Duration) rs mos ds.
	NAME OF Josua Celbu ght	Contributory (SECONDARY) (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.
ENT8	BIRTHPLAGE OF FATHER (Gity or town, State or foreign country)	(Signed) 1. R. Flanling M. D. Christina M.
PAR	MAIDEN NAME Jone Latton	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury: and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal.
ľ	BIRTHPLACE Cor MOTHER (City or town State or foreign country)	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR RECENT RESIDENTS)  At place In the
THE	ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted If not at place of death?
(Information belief and		Former or
- '	(ADDRESS) MUSON M.	PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL S
Filed	Man 4. 1815. REGISTRAR	UNDERFAKER MAN SOURCESS SON

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## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Oensus and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer." etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia,""Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deates state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homi-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)