1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
Karl	CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
County	6111
Township Trafe JANE Registration District	rile No. 2696
or //	6235
Village Primary Registrati	on District No. Registered No.
2FULL NAME Thomas Har	St.: Ward) Ilf death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE SINGLE	16 DATE OF DEATH
Male white (Write the word)	(Month) (Day) (Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH	17 / I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
. May 18 ,834	Jan 10, 1917, to Jan 19, 1917,
(Month) (Day) (Year)	that I last saw han alive on Jan 19 1917
7 AGE If LESS than	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 12 15 m.
8 2 vrs 8 mos ds. or min.?	
8 OCCUPATION M	The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	Troncho meumonia
(b) General nature of industry	50,000
business or establishment in which employed (or employer)	pring of the second
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or lown,	(Duration) yrs. mos. 7 de.
State or foreign country)	CONTRIBUTORY ALL age
10 NAME OF FATHER TO ALL	(Secondary)
- Johnson Jack	(Duration) yrs mos. ds.
D OF FATHER CONT KNOW	(Signed) M. D.
OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF MOTHER	Jan 19, 1917 (Address) Mes 100
of MOTHER Matilda Decket	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
13 BIRTHPLACE South Know	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)
(City or town, State or foreign country)	At place In the of death yrsmosds. State yrsmosds.
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant)	Former or usual residence
Stet Mo	<u> </u>
(Address)	19 PLAGE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
\mathcal{L}^{15}	wien wern

Filed Jan 19, 1917, M. Q. Yanx Registrar

Brugner Ma E Mucheal

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health
Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Combositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septichaemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)