MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH I EXACTLY. PHYSICIANS should state sment of OCCUPATION is very important. BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH County Registration District No. Primary Registration District No 6236 Village or Ilf death occurred in a City .Ward) hospital or institution, Forlam give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 8EX COLOR OR RACE MARRIED DATE OF DEATH WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) (Day) (Year) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that Lattended deceased from (Year) AGE If LESS than I dayhrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or.....mln.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry. business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town," State or foreign cour Contributory NAME O (SECONDARY) BIRTHPLACE RENT8 OF FATHER M. D. (City or town, State or foreign country) MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heaasof Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) . OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the CAUSE OF DEATH of death. mos. State_ THE ABOVE IS FAUE TO THE BEST OF MY Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?_ Former or EMOVA (ADDRESS) DRESS REGISTRAR

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation. - Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery: (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part; of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precifespecification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer—Cod mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the drities of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Whooping congh; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumopia (secondary), 10 ds. Never record mere proptoms of terminal conditions, such as "Astheria," naemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can) be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or mis-carriage, "Puerperad, septichaemia," "Puerperad, peritonitis," Gc. State gailse for which surgical operation was undertaken. For Violent Deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or Homi-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

12/10