	PLACE OF DEATH	<i>Či.</i> -		RI STATE BOAI REAU OF VITAL S CERTIFICATE OF E	•
County	Richmons	Registration Distri	1 No. 74/	File No	22679
or Village	Insettee	Primary Registrati	on District No	3 Registered No	33
City 2FU1	L NAME Manne	Jordan	**************************************	tWard)	[If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
. PE	RSONAL AND STATISTICAL PAR	RTICULARS	V MEDICA	AL CERTIFICATE OF I	DEATH
3 SEX	4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED- WIDOWED OR DIVOR (Write the	ICED TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE TOTAL PROP	16 DATE OF DEATH	July (Myrith)	(Day) (Year)
7 AGE	Month) 38 yrs./ mos.	(Day) (Year) If LESS than 1 day, hrs. or min.?	that I last saw h. Ut.	alive on July f	above, at Link DA, m.
(b) General	on profession, or kind of work all nature of industry or establishment in loyed (or employer)	Kiefer Keefer	Uren 130 7 132 B	iiv	
9 BIRTHPLA (City or town State or foreign	CE O W	10		(Duration)yrs.	mosds.
## 11 Bill OF CC	AME OF THER MALE TO FATHER STATE OF THE STAT	com	(Signed) 2/	CE (For Hospitals, In	mosds. M. D. M.
(C	ity or town, State or foreign country)	Col	At place of deathyrsm	In the	vrsmosda

Filed July -11- 1915 - KWSV

(Informant)

15

14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

with Registrar Aug Culary
20 UNDERTAKER

Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?.....

Former or usual residence....

PATE OF BURIAL

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Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation .- Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. . If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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A	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary)
V	(Secondary)
	The Hillmill
7	(Signed)
——————————————————————————————————————	(Address)
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	if not av filtre of death?
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Statement of cause of death—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite);

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Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc. of (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion." "Heart failure." "Haemorrhage." "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage. as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train—accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)