MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH County (If death occurred in a City hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number] PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 8EX COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) (Month) (Day) (Year) I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from ., 191....., (Day) (Year) that I last saw h\_\_\_\_ \_alive on. If LESS than AGE 1 day,\_\_\_hrs and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at or\_\_\_min.? The CAUSE OF DEATH\* was as follows: (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town," State or foreign country) Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER (Duration). BIRTHPLACE (8igned)\_ OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country) (Address)\_\_\_ MAIDEN NAME \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place In the of death. .ds. State\_ Where was disease contracted If not at place of death? \_ Former or usual residence DATE OF BURIAL クマメ **ADDRESS** 

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

ement of occupation.-Precise statement of ocon is very important, so that the relative healths of various pursuits can be known. The quespplies to each and every person, irrespective of For many occupations a single word or term on st line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, ian. Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many especially in industrial employments, it is necesb know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the of the business or industry, and therefore an mal line is provided for the latter statement; it be used only when needed. As examples: (a) er, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; oreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material d on may form part of the second statement. return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," er." etc., without more precise specification, as aborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. n at home, who are engaged in the duties of the iold only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a e salary), may be entered as Housewife, Houseequor At home, and children, not gainfully employed, so school or At home. Care should be taken to re--uopecifically the occupations of persons engaged in "8 ic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Houseanatc. If the occupation has been changed or given ispiaccount of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fewer (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth\_or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

