MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH PLACE_OP-DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH County. Township Primary Registration District No. Registered No. m [If death occurred in a City hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number) PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINCLE COLOR OR RACE DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word) (Month) (Day) (Year) DATE OF BIRTH I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from AGE If LESS than and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at 015 Pm I dayhrs <u>or.....</u>mln.? The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows: OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed tor employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town, . State or foreign country Contributory NAME OF (SECONDARY) FATHER (Duration BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER PARENTS (City or town, State or foreign country MAIDEN NAME *State the Disc. Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Heans of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal. OF MOTHER LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (FOR HOSPITALS, INSTITUTIONS, TRANSIENTS, OR BIRTHPLACE RECENT RESIDENTS) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) In the of death. State_ Where was disease contracted If not at place of Former or usual residence OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL REGISTRAR

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without fore precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Wallan, at home, who are engaged in the duties of the Idonly (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite a ry); hay be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages; as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. ! If, the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the bisease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Er Idemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid ise of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopnei monia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuber iulosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinom, Sar-

coma, etc., of _____ (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulstons," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion." "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperate se " tomio," "Puerperal "tonitis," etc. erate L. was 'under-INTOLATHS STATE MEANS OF INJURY and taken. Fo qualify as Accidental, Suicidal, or Homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to defermine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck who railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-komicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on s ment of cause of death approved by Committee Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.

