MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH 1 PLACE OF DEATH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS * CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Primary Registration District No. 5-200 Village Ill death occurred in a City..... hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.l PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH SINGLE 3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE 16 DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED CL OR DIVORCED (Write the word) CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from (Month) (Day) 7 AGE If LESS than l dayhrg or.....min.? 8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or, particular kind of work. (b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) 9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, (Duration). State or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY 10 NAME OF FATHER 11'BIRTHPLACE PARENTS OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country 12 MAIDEN NAME *State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state
(1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. OF MOTHER 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recont Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place of death.....yrs.....mos......ds. State.....yrs.....mos.......ds. 14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?..... (Informant) usual residence (Address)..... 19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL 15 ما 191 . . ADDRESS Registrar

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be lerown. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spipher, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never retirn "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home and children, not gainfully employed, as At school of Athome. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in demestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Houseplaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or giter up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired; 1 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary, affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym, is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid ever (never report

"Typhoid preumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia (Pneumonia, unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, heninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sorcoma, etc., of (name origin; Carcer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for manignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular boart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example. Medsles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Brokchopner monia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Ahaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy,"
"Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerferal septichaemia," "Puerferal peritonitis." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths-state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Strucky by railway train—accident; Refolver wound of head homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide. The nature of the injury, sas fracture of skul, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.),